INDONESIA EXPERIENCE IN IMPLEMENTING OIE STANDARDS

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INDONESIA’S OUTLOOK

• Indonesia owned more than 300 ethnic groups, where each ethnic group has its own native language, tradition, and culture.

• The richness in culture and tradition and nature has made Indonesia beautifully unique

• In some areas, the culture and tradition can not be separated from animals as symbols
AW began to be a concern in Indonesia since 2001. The MoA through the Directorate of the Veterinary Public Health was the partner of IVMA to be together in introducing AW in Indonesia especially on farm animals/livestock as the source of animal protein to be consumed by the Indonesian people.

A special division on AW was founded by the government since year 2005 that up to now have the responsibility on animal welfare especially to draft and release regulations and law on AW.
However, as in many other developing countries, implementation of animal welfare in Indonesia is still far from satisfactory.

Some influencing factors:
- culture,
- tradition,
- level of education, awareness and welfare of the community
- lack of regulatory measures, manpower and infrastructure required to support law enforcement.
Maduranese bull race (*Karapan Sapi*)

Garut Goat Fighting
Mappasilaga Tedong – Tana Toraja – Sacrifice in the funeral

Cock Fighting
In Indonesia’s people perception, AW was the expression of God’s will in holy books like Al Qur’an to tread the animals with kindness, called as “Ihsan”.

It is an Obligation of the GoI to regulate and implement AW in Indonesia.

Commitment to “Universal Declaration for Animal Welfare”
IMPLEMENTING OIE STANDARDS
1. Legislative Developments

Existing:

- Government Regulation No. 95/2012 Concerning Veterinary Public Health and Animal Welfare.
- Minister of Agriculture regulation No. 381/2005 regarding Veterinary Establishment Certification
- Minister of Agriculture Regulation No. 413/1992 regarding Cattle Slaughtering and Meat and By product Handling.
1. Legislative Developments

Being Discussed

- Revision of Minister Regulation No. 381/2005. Contain regulation for slaughterhouse and food processing unit certification. The main aspect of this regulation is on food safety. In the revision draft the regulation shall also contain biosecurity and animal welfare aspect;

- Revision of Minister Regulation No. 413/1992. This Regulation will contain restriction on use of the mekhanical stunning method in cattle slaughtering.
Evaluation of Stunning Method on cattle slaughter at Supply Chain Abattoirs.
Draft of Minister of Agriculture regulation regarding Animal welfare standard for handling and slaughtering animal during Moslem holiday (Ied Qurban);
2. Capacity Building

- Seminar on Animal Welfare in all provinces
- Annual training on humane slaughter for cattle (since 2002) in cooperation with IVA, Yudistira Foundation, RSPCA – UK, the University of Bristol, UK, and MLA.
- Training on humane slaughter for poultry (2011) in cooperation with IVMA, Srikandi Foundation, RSPCA – UK, and the University of Bristol, UK.
- Training for Halal Slaughter
- Training AW on Ied Qurban Festival
3. Socialization to increase public knowledge and awareness

- Provision of animal welfare publications (leaflet, video and brochures)
- Provision of model of facilities and equipment to perform animal slaughter during Qurban (pilot project)
Sound inter-agency coordination is definitely needed as the animal welfare is a crosscutting issue, which must be handled by multi sectors.

At the implementation level a close cooperation has been developed with the related agencies (e.g., quarantine, university, research institution, drug manufacture, Livestock Company, slaughterhouses etc.) so that animal welfare practices could be applied in their daily working places.
5. Government and Civil Society Partnership

- In implementing and enforcement of the regulation on animal welfare the government as the competent authority must be sufficiently strong.

- There is a need to be independently controlled by civil society through establishment of transparent dialogue forums so that information or control on animal welfare practices could be addressed.

- Establishment of Commissions on Animal Ethics and Animal Welfare represented by various members from all animal welfare stakeholders (Indonesian Veterinarian Association), Indonesian Zoo Association, Wild Animal Conservation, etc.)
6. DGLAHS –IVMA Collaboration

- AW implementation and assessed to farm animals (breeding, transportation, slaughter, etc) related to the assurances on AW and Halal
- AW implementation to zoo animals and wildlife in captivity by being the partner to the Ministry of Forestry and the Indonesian Parks and Zoo Association
- AW implementation to pet animals by developing the relationship with the cat associations and dog breeders
6. DGLAHS – IVMA Collaboration

- AW as a curriculum in all vet schools in Indonesia done by IVMA collaborating with the Indonesia Veterinary Schools Association.
- Introducing AW to mass media workers (journalist and production house workers) to also understand about AW of the animals being used in TV programme, advertisement etc.
- Campaign on AW to the regional government authorities to understand and controlling the animals living together with the human population. Including about the risks of letting people using wildlife/animals for entertainment or begging on the street (dancing monkeys etc).
1. Animal Welfare Legislation Scoping Study

- Aims to assess current challenges faced by the Government of Indonesia in implementing legislation, related to animal welfare, at the provincial, local and regional levels.
- May - completed the first stage of a scoping study mission in Indonesia.
- The scoping study is planned to be conducted in three stages to ensure correct assessment of the current situation, with second stage scheduled to be conducted in the near future.
   - May – July 2013, five veterinarians from Indonesia’s Ministry of Agriculture (MoA) and 4 Vet. Officers from Provincial Government undertook an accredited Certificate III Meat Processing (Meat Safety) course delivered by Adelaide TAFE over a two-month period in Adelaide, South Australia.
   - The benefits of the course in improving their skill and knowledge in handling and welfare of animals for slaughter, hygienic processing of meat and food safety in accordance with international standard, and included integration of HACCP and quality assurance principles in meat processing.

7. Improved Animal Welfare Program
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3. DGLAHS Auditor Training Course

- The training was held on 2 class session and each class attended by 20 participants. Auditor Training aims to improve the competence of auditors in auditing including AW aspects

- Refresher auditor training course organised by the MoA’s DGLAHS. The training course was delivered by NATA.
8. OIE Training of Trainers on Animal Welfare

- Training of Trainer on OIE Animal Welfare Standard by OIE (Dr. Rasto Kolesar) under IAWP.
- 7 government officers from Local and Central Government and Lecturers from Faculty of Veterinary Science as Master Trainer.
- The training was held by 3 session and the last session was Veterinary Education Establishment Workshop where all of the trainers practiced their knowledge from the previous training session.
- *Trial Training* on Humane Slaughtering according to OIE Standard for Slaughter house officers in West Java by OIE Master Training.
The program was very useful and helpful to improve perfective and good understanding on AW of stakeholders in Indonesia.

Training by Master Trainers for Local Staff.
9. Improved Animal Welfare for Local Cattle

- Collaboration program between WSPA, IVMA and DGLAHS to improved the application of animal welfare in local cattle in government slaughterhouses in Java and Sumatra.
- Preliminary studies have been conducted by WSPA’s Team, support by DGLAHS and IVMA.
- Seminar / workshop to discuss with Slaughterhouses management, Local Government and DGLAHS about their needs and strategy to improve animal welfare at their establishments.
- The next step, workshop/training of trainer
Other Training
Other Activities

- National Seminar Principles in Livestock Mode of Transportation System
  Held by Indonesia Farm Animal Welfare Society (INDOFAST) / MKTI (Collaboration: Indonesia Veterinary Medical Association/ IVMA, Indonesia Society for Animal Science/ISAS, Veterinary and Animal Scientists in Higher Education Institutes and Livestock Business Stakeholder)

- Establishment of 5 Slaughter points Model for Ied Qurban with implementation of animal welfare. (2013)

- Kommunication, Information and Education (KIE) and Establishment of Dog Managed Zone and dog population control program in 2 Provinces, East Sumatera and Riau Islands Province. (2013)
The Next agenda

- Workshop for OIE Master Trainer to built a Training Module. (September) together with Meat Course Representatives in order to developed a draft for MT Manual in OIE AW Standards on animal handling, transport and slaughter as well as food safety and meat inspection procedures. The master document will standardise the contents and method of training in this subjects and can then be used in delivering training across regions in Indonesia. The draft will be reviewed by dr. Rasto.

- Developed National Animal Welfare Strategy (October 2013). Developed by Indonesia’s Stake holders on AW (Government with IVMA, MAKRESNA, University and Industry) and DAFF under IAWP will supported with the expertise or consultant

- Second Batch Training for OIE Master Trainer (Januari 2013)
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